Hoarding Conference

Welcome and Introduction

Mark Palethorpe

Acting Executive Director of People



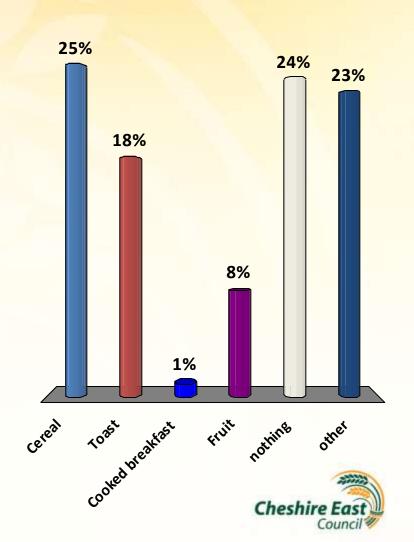
Icebreaker and table top exercise: What does hoarding mean to you?

Rebecca Spurrell
Social Work Professional Lead



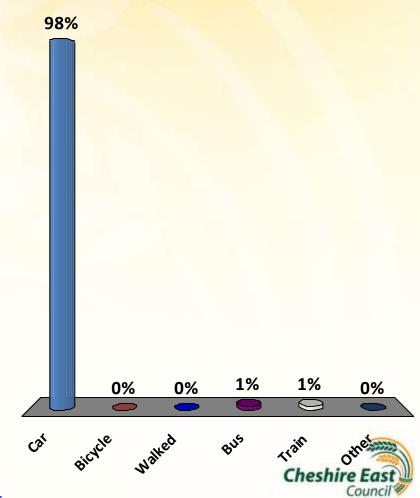
What did you have for breakfast this morning?

- A. Cereal
- B. Toast
- C. Cooked breakfast
- D. Fruit
- E. nothing
- F. other



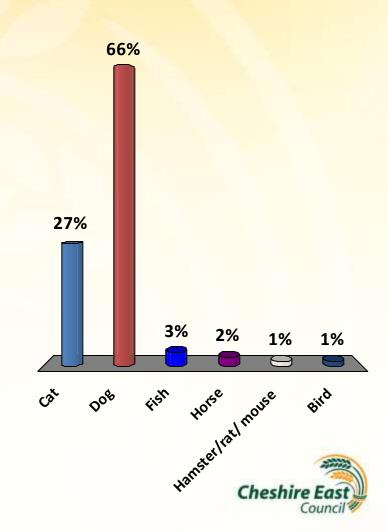
Which of the following accounted for the most part of your journey to the venue this morning?

- A. Car
- B. Bicycle
- C. Walked
- D. Bus
- E. Train
- F. Other



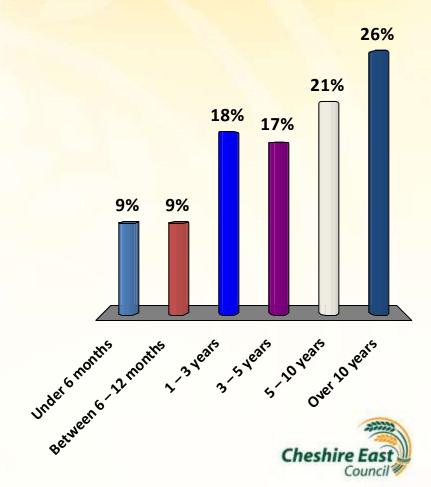
Which of the following is your favourite domestic animal?

- A. Cat
- B. Dog
- C. Fish
- D. Horse
- E. Hamster/rat/ mouse
- F. Bird



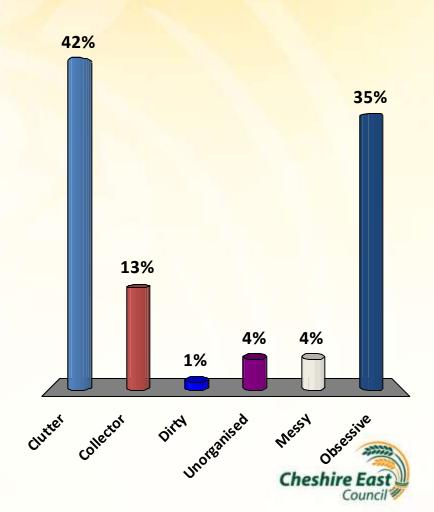
How long have you worked in your current role?

- A. Under 6 months
- B. Between 6 12 months
- C. 1 3 years
- D. 3 5 years
- E. 5 10 years
- F. Over 10 years



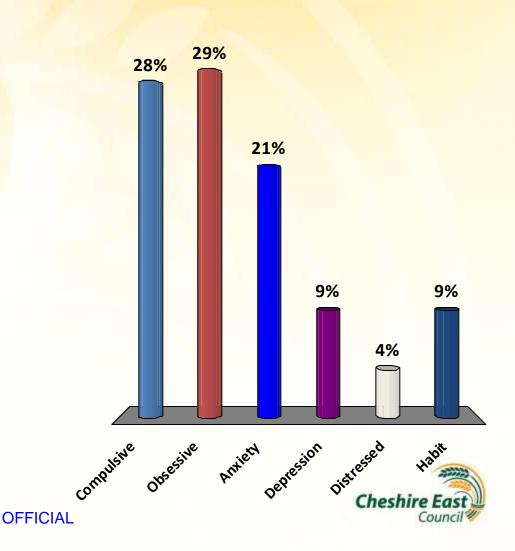
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- A. Clutter
- B. Collector
- C. Dirty
- D. Unorganised
- E. Messy
- F. Obsessive



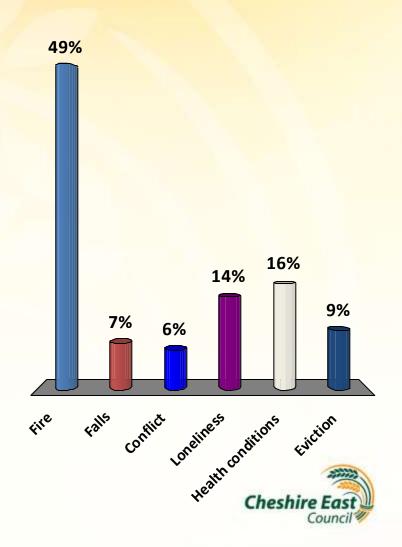
What one word do you associate with someone that hoards?

- A. Compulsive
- **B.** Obsessive
- C. Anxiety
- D. Depression
- E. Distressed
- F. Habit



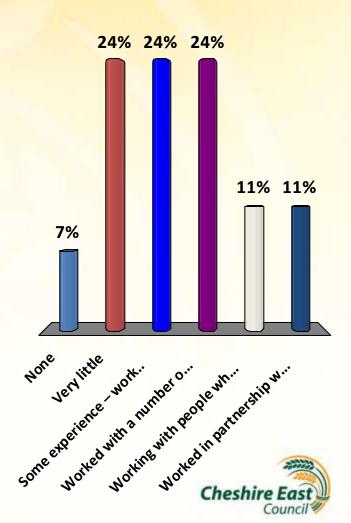
In your opinion what is the greatest risk when someone hoards?

- A. Fire
- B. Falls
- C. Conflict
- D. Loneliness
- E. Health conditions
- F. Eviction



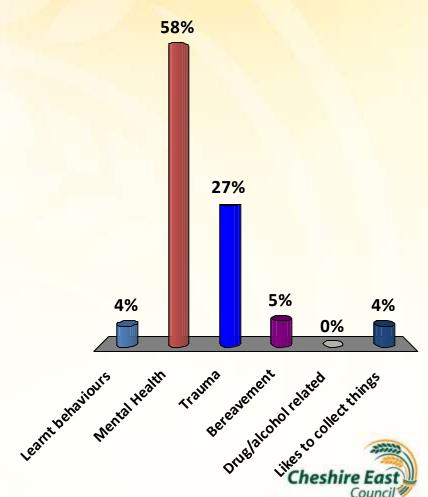
How much experience have you had working with people who hoard?

- A. None
- B. Very little
- C. Some experience worked with 1 -5 people who have hoarded
- D. Worked with a number of people who hoard
- E. Working with people who hoard is part of my daily role
- F. Worked in partnership with other agencies to support people who hoard



In your opinion what is the most common reason why do people hoard?

- A. Learnt behaviours
- B. Mental Health
- C. Trauma
- D. Bereavement
- E. Drug/alcohol related
- F. Likes to collect things



CloudsEnd CIC Knowledge Empowers

Heather Matuozzo



What is hoarding?

 Initially called Obsessive Compulsive Hoarding

Then Compulsive Hoarding

Now is called Hoarding Disorder



Is it a recognised disorder?

Yes it was recognised finally in the DSM V in May 2013

But also now it has been recognised by the World Health Organisation

World Health Organisation





World Health Organisation Hoarding Disorder Definition June 2018

On June 18, 2018, The World Health Organization (WHO) released its new International Classification of Diseases (ICD-11)25. ICD-11 will be presented at the World Health Assembly in May 2019 for adoption by Member States to come intoeffect on January 01, 2022

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Definition

- "Is characterised by accumulation of possessions due to excessive acquisition of or difficulty discarding possessions, regardless of their actual value".
- It adds: "Accumulation of possessions results in living spaces becoming cluttered to the point that their use or safety is compromised.
- "The symptoms result in significant distress or significant impairment in personal, family, social, educational, occupational or other important areas of functioning."



Hoarding Disorder

A mental disorder

- Affects 3-5% of the population
 - Genetic
 - Traumatic



Isnt it just collecting or laziness?

A collection you can see

Laziness is a choice and requires effort...



Trauma

WHY?

Organisational 'dyslexia'

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Stuff – Getting Out of Hand

www.boston.com























CloudsEnd CIC



BEFORE ...



... AFTER



BEFORE ...

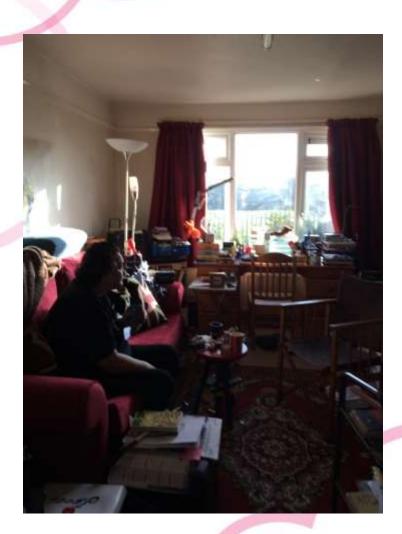


... AFTER



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Clouds End CIC



... AFTER AFTER



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Past Approaches

Leave well alone

Punish

Clear the house and return the tenant

Mental health assessments failure



Where do people with Hoarding Issues go for help?

- Clouds End CIC
- Hoarding UK
- Hoarding Disorders UK
- Life Pod Scotland

- Resources:
- www.helpforhoarders.co.uk



The CloudsEnd Approach

Support

Advice

Understanding

Always there



Therapies

- CBT
- Counselling
- Motivational Interviewing
- EFT
- Hypnotherapy
- Mindfulness
- Solution Focus Therapy



Stigma

Not treated sympathetically

Misunderstood and judged

 People afraid to ask for help – will often not mention their home and seek help for other things



The Problem

A habit

Practiced over many years

 Attempts to remove clutter result in defence stance 'it's my stuff'



What is the key

Understanding the disorder

Prepared to work over long term

Not personalising the progress



The CloudsEnd Solution

Work with individuals at their own pace

Help to create new strategies and habits

Set small, do-able, tasks

Encourage positive self praise



What works

Asking questions

Slow testing and reinforcing

Patience and understanding

Getting client to self talk solution



Care Act 2014 Adult Safeguarding Key Principles

Empowerment

Support own decisions, informed consent

Prevention

Action before harm occurs

Proportionality

Least intrusive response to risk

Protection

Support and representation for greatest need

Partnership

Services working with communities

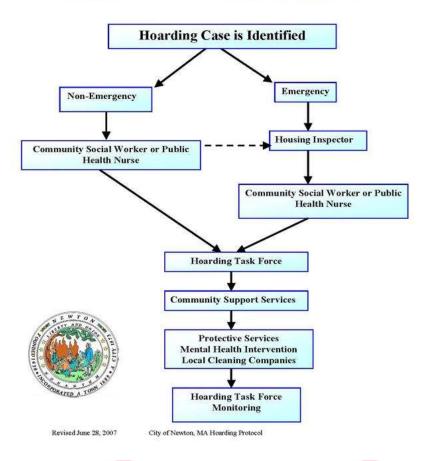
Accountability

•Transparency in delivering safeguarding OFFICIAL



Procedure

HOARDING PROTOCOL



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Partners

- Fire Service
- Council
- Social Services
- Mental health
- Charities
- Students
- Volunteers



Support

- Can we offer any support?
- How can we do this?
- Who will be responsible for delivering this?
- Could we hold support groups where?



My Stern Rule

The process must be

FUN!





Break time!



Collecting, Collectors and Hoarding a different perspective

Guy Kilminster
Corporate Manager Health Improvement
(Record and Book Collector – potentially a
hoarder?)



Aim of the presentation

 To offer some thoughts on the link between collecting and hoarding, how collectors 'value' the things they collect and whether this may be indicative of a tendency towards hoarding

 if the collection gets out of control?



The Museum Curator

- Fellow of the Museums Association
- Worked in Museums 1986 to 2001 in York, Portsmouth, Cheltenham and Rotherham
- Curator of: Farming tools and equipment, Archaeology, Historic Photographs, Ceramics, Firearms, Coins, Social History, Geology and Regimental collections.
- Tendency to collect things myself!



My interest in collecting

- Did I go into museums because I was interested in collecting or did my interest in collecting grow out of my working in museums?
- Childhood / young adult collections: stamps, football stickers, souvenir pencils,pin badges, postcards, beer mats!
- Children were / are encouraged into collecting – Pokemon cards, Lego minifigures, football stickers, Transformer figures.



A nation of collectors?

- Almost every one of us has things we don't need. Cupboards, wardrobes, rooms, garages, sheds, storage units full of things that we could live without!
- Ebay, Amazon, online shopping makes it very easy to acquire more stuff.
- Are we in control of our possessions or have they begun to exert a control over our lives?



Collecting Space





Why do people collect?

- It is estimated that about a third of people in the UK actively collect something.
- For some, like the football fan who collects club memorabilia, it is a way to express loyalty;
- For others, like the stamp collector proud of rare finds, (or the record collector looking for every release by a particular group) there can be an obsessive streak!



Museums and Collecting

- Many of the greatest museums in the world have been built up around the collection of one individual.
- The British Museum was founded on 7 June 1753 by an Act of Parliament, It was established as a result of accepting the bequest of the physician and naturalist, Sir Hans Sloane.
- Sloane's collection consisted of over 71,000 objects including books, manuscripts, natural specimens and antiquities such as coins, medals, prints and drawings.



Museums and hoards

- Museums are based on the basic principle of a hoard: that things are very important indeed and therefore worth preserving.
- Very often museums hold hoards as part of their collection. The Staffordshire hoard of Anglo Saxon gold

is a good example of this. Hoarding is not new!



Reasons we collect

- In the past objects of value have been confined to hoards and hidden in the ground. The items were hoarded for safekeeping, or maybe as an offering?
- Humans are unique in the way we collect items purely for the satisfaction of seeking and owning them;
- The desire to collect only became possible about 12,000 years ago, once our ancestors gave up their nomadic lifestyles and settled down in one location.

Reasons we collect

- Collecting might be motivated by existential anxieties the collection, an extension of our identity, lives on, even though we do not;
- One psychoanalytical explanation for collecting is that unloved children learn to seek comfort in accumulating belongings;
- More recently, evolutionary theorists suggested that a collection was a way to attract potential mates by signalling an ability to accumulate resources!
- The endowment effect describes our tendency to value things more once we own them;
- The concept of contagion some collectors are attracted to celebrity belongings because these objects are seen as being infused with the essence of the person who owned them (more about this in a moment);



The Brian Jones milk bottle





Working for a brighter future: together

What people collect



Keith Sivyer collected every record that entered the top 40 from 1952 until his death in 2015.

The collection consisted of 45,000 records and CDS. Sold for £73,000



What People collect









What People Collect



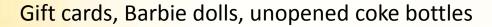


Fizzy pop cans, Avon perfume bottles and plastic bags!



What People Collect











What People Collect



Movie Memorabilia



At what point does a collection become a hoard, a collector a hoarder?

'A passion for collecting is a healthy outlet and an activity that keeps people connected to the world around them. But it can become a deadly enterprise when it crosses the line into hoarding' (Professor Randy Frost – Professor of Psychology)



Perceptions of collecting / hoarding as a 'problem'

- At what point is the problem identified to be as a result of a disorder – 'a persistent difficulty discarding or parting with possessions regardless of their actual value'?
- Even if discarding is taking place, the continuation of collecting will still be a potential issue.
- The collector / hoarder does not perceive there to be a problem.
- To what extent is the availability of space a determinant as to whether the collection has become a hoard?



'Fuzzy boundaries'

- The Life of Stuff Susannah Walker (2018)
- The fuzzy boundaries between hoarding and collecting appear to unnerve people and volumes of writing exist... which want to codify what sets a collection apart from a hoard: order, series, and planning.
- A collection excludes things; a hoard is omniverous.
- Hoards are hidden behind closed doors while collections are often on display.



Help is at hand!

Marie Kondo – Japanese
 Organising Consultant!



Marie's thoughts...

- Tidy by category, not by room.
- Don't let relatives or nostalgia cloud your judgment about what ought to be binned.
- For book and photo collections, keep a hall of fame rather than a library.
- If you intend to read a book eventually, throw it away right now. (You'll almost certainly never read it. Just let it go.)



Thank you!



A Personal Experience

Keith's story: a personal and touching film about hoarding

Geoffrey Appleton
Independent Chair of the Cheshire East
Adults Safeguarding Board



https://youtu.be/fhmfptpwNZc



Lunch, Networking & Market Place





Tool kit and resources

Karen Whitehead
Housing Standards & Adaptations Manager



The Self neglect Forum

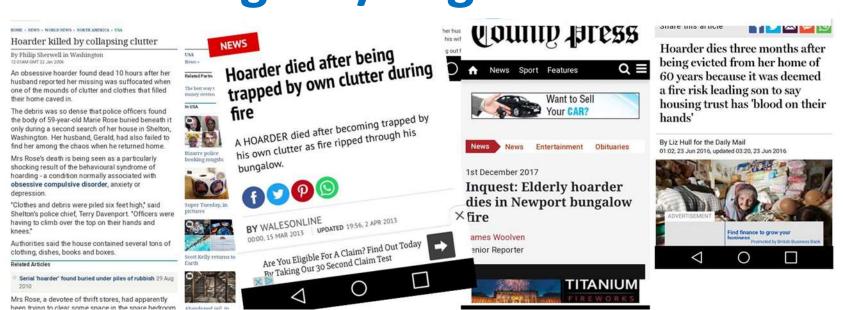
Sandra Murphy
Head of Adult Safeguarding
Katie Jones
Business Manager





Self Neglect/ High Risk Forum

The



Cheshire East High Risk/Self Neglect Forum

Developed and delivered in partnership with SAB members:

- Adult Social Care
- Legal Services
- CCGs/GP representation
- Housing
- Social landlords
- Local Hospital Trusts
- Ambulance Service
- Environmental Health
- Fire service
- Cheshire Police
- Third Sector
- Building Control





Forms of Self neglect that are referred:



Lack of Self Care

- . Personal hygiene
- . Care of daily needs (e.g.. Nutrition)
- . Non-compliance with services (especially medical)
- . Risky behaviour



Lack of care for environment

- . Living in squalor
- . Hoarding
- . Animal collecting



Self Neglect Forum:

- an individual is at HIGH risk of SEVERE injury or DEATH
- Potential to result in attendance at Coroner's Court
- Individual is deemed to have capacity
- expected that prior to referral to the forum all other methods would be exhausted
- provides guidance as well as enhance communication between agencies
- assist with the coordination of cases where cross-organisational barriers exist
- Provide a multi-agency framework to manage risks





Self-Neglect/ High Risk Adult Safeguarding Forum 2017-18

NUMBER OF REFERRALS

*referrals received between April 2017 - March 2018

RATIO OF CONCERNS RECIEVED

FEMALE 52%

MALE 48%

Age

7% under 50

31% under 50 32% 50-80 37% over 80

93% 50-80

Age

0% over 80

THEMES OF CONCERNS

23% of cases involved drug or alcohol abuse

42% involved the death of someone close or a marital/relationship breakdown

80% involved extreme hoarding

Mental Health concerns featured in all cases

26% cases involve self-harm/poor personal care resulting in high risk health concerns

All cases featured poor/ non engagement with services

2 cases involved concerns of financial abuse as well as Self-Neglect

6 cases included homelessness/threat of being homeless

OUTCOME OF CASES

The purpose of the High Risk Forum is to share information on the highest risk self-neglect cases were individuals are deemed to have capacity. They bring together different agencies to risk assess those cases likely to result in serious harm or death. As well as the shared assessment of risks, cases have also resulted in innovative pieces of work such as...

Linking with library services to engage with a service user

Bespoke visits from Fire service

Regular visits by local PCSOs

Linking Service Users with local charities/faith sectors

AGENCIES THAT ATTENDED...

Adult Social Care, Police, Fire, Ambulance, GP, District Nurse, Hospital Teams, Mental Health, Care agencies, Environmental Health, Housing Teams, Drugs and Alcohol Services, Domestic Abuse Team, Voluntary and Faith Sector, Local Area Co-ordinators, Legal Team, Building Control, Children's Services, Anti-Social Behaviour Co-ordinators, Homelessness team

Contributing factors often discussed at forum

- Age related changes in physical health
- Chronic mental health difficulty
- Bereavement/traumatic event
- Alcohol/ drug dependency
- Social isolation



No magic solutions...



Working with people who self-neglect and hoard is lengthy and complex, and can be costly

However, the multi-agency forum provides the basis for sound judgement, risk assessment and the support for practitioners





Break time!



Professional Views



Environmental Protection

Nick Kelly
Environmental Protection Team Leader



Hoarding & Public Health Act By

Nick Kelly Environmental Protection Team Leader



Supporting people who hoard

A Social Work perspective

Laura Clarke and Kayleigh Churms

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Considerations

- Don't expect things to happen quickly
- Mental capacity
- Safeguarding
- Remember people who hoard do not always view this as a problem
- Hoarding is a mental health illness
- Long term piece of work

Self-neglect vs self-determination

- Consider the situation from the person's perspective – understand history
- Show personal and professional qualities respect, honesty and reliability
- Balance paternalistic instinct versus what a person wants
- Support person to promote positive risk taking where ever possible

Do

- Needs assessment identify outcomes
- Cleaning interventions alone can be ineffective - consider cause
- Importance of mental health support

High risk self neglect forum

- High risk self neglect forum
- Multi agency working is key
- Educate each other
- Joint visits

Feel

- Managing personal vs professional values
- □ Helpless are we doing enough?
- □ Remember it's everyone together

Any questions?

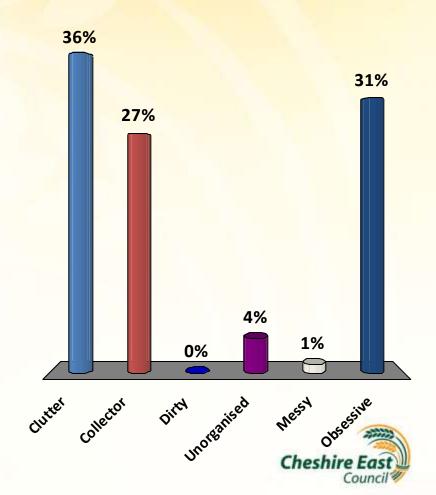
One Call for Action

Sandra Murphy



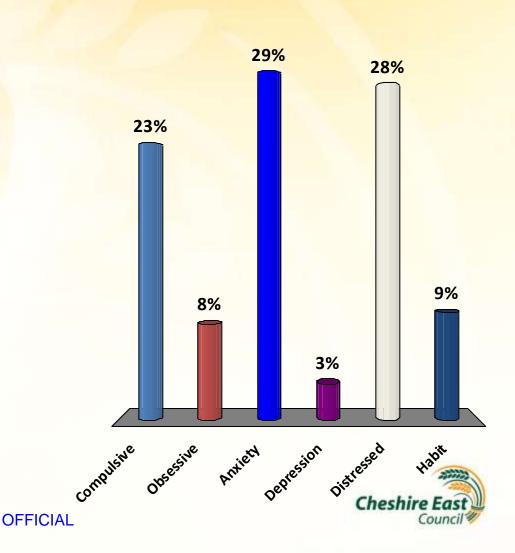
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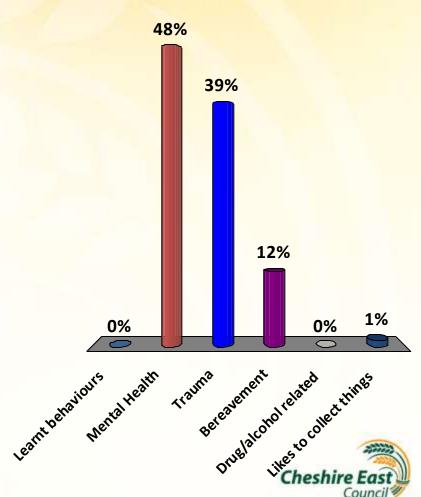
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- F. Habit



In your opinion what is the most common reason why do people hoard? (Repeat)

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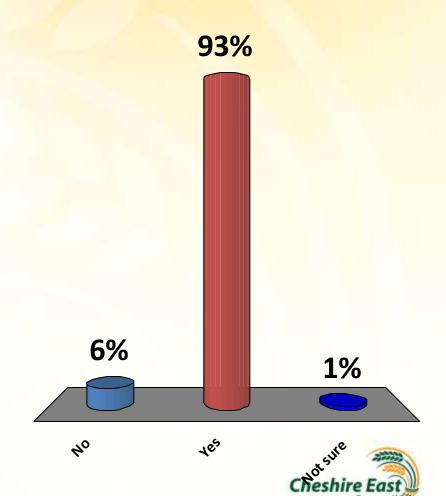


Has your understanding of people who hoard increased?

A. No

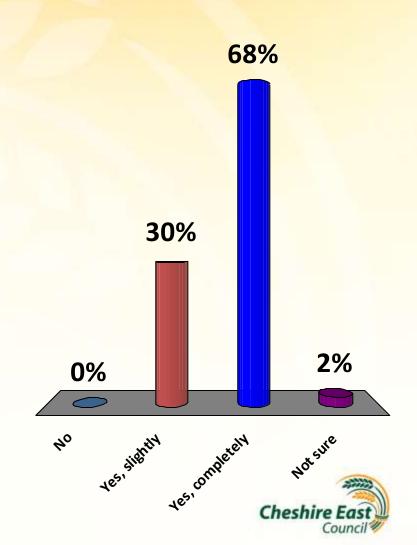
B. Yes

C. Not sure



Were the main objectives of the day met?

- A. No
- B. Yes, slightly
- C. Yes, completely
- D. Not sure



Thank you for your participation today! Have a safe journey home...

